



TITLE:

Preparation of Organo-mercurisulfides. (II)

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28. Preparation of Organo-mercurisulfides. (II)

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For the purpose of obtaining germicidal substances, we prepared some phenylmercurisulfides, which have the formula of R_1SHgR_2 . Phenylmercurichloride was suspended in alcohol and under cooling, alcoholic solution of thiophenol was added little by little. At first solution became clear and then white precipitate gradually appeared. Recrystallizing from alcohol, colourless fine needles were obtained. This is phenylmercuriphenylsulfide. Usually, in this case, it was inevitable that a little amount of mercaptide of corresponding thiophenol (R_1SHgSR_1) were produced. By the same procedure, the following thirteen compounds were obtained.

	m. p.
Phenylmercuri-phenylsulfide	103.5°
Phenylmercuri-o-tolylsulfide	168°-169°
Phenylmercuri-p-tolylsulfide	104°
Phenylmercuri-p-chlorophenylsulfide	150°
Phenylmercuri- α -naphthylsulfide	154.5°
Phenylmercuri-benzylsulfide	134°-135°
p-Chlorophenylmercuri-phenylsulfide	139°-140°
p-Chlorophenylmercuri-o-tolylsulfide	141°
p-Chlorophenylmercuri-p-tolylsulfide	145°
p-Chlorophenylmercuri-p-chlorophenylsulfide	161°-162°
p-Chlorophenylmercuri-benzylsulfide	128°-130°
m-Nitrophenylmercuri-phenylsulfide	237°-239°
m-Nitrophenylmercuri-p-tolylsulfide	244°-246°

29. Chromatography of Fatty Acids. (Preliminary Report)

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It was reported that fatty acids mixtures of lower molecular weight ($C_1 \sim C_{10}$) could easily be separated by the partition chromatography (M.H. Peterson and M.J. Johnson; J. Biol. Chem. **174**, 775 (1948), L.L. Ramsey and M.J. Patterson; J. Assoc. Official Agr. Chem. **31**, 139 (1948), but those of higher molecular weight could hardly be done by this method. Recently the separation of the latter was attempted